

0.39" Dual Digit Ultra Red SMD Displays Technical Data Sheet

Model No.: KW2-S392XVA

Spec No.: S392 Rev No.: V.2 Date: Oct/03/2006 Page: 1 OF 8 Approved: 2400 Checked: Wu Drawn: Qin

Lucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.



Features:

- ♦ 0.39" (inch) digit height.
- ♦ Packaged in tape and reel for SMT manufacturing.
- ♦ Design flexibility (common cathode and anode).
- ♦ Categorized for luminous intensity.
- ♦ The thickness is thinness than tradition display.
- ♦ The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

- ♦ The SMD type display is much smaller than tradition type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher.
- ♦ Packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- ♦ These devices are made with white segments and gray surface.

Applications:

- ♦ Suitable for indoor use.
- ♦ Audio equipment.
- ♦ Set top box.
- ♦ Game machine.
- ♦ Channel indicator of TV.

Device Selection Guide:

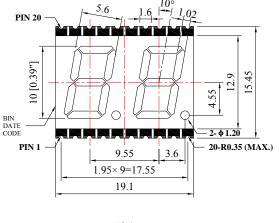
Model No.	Chip Material	Source Color	Description	
KW2-S392CVA	ALC - T - D	Ultra Red	Common Cathode	
KW2-S392AVA	AlGaInP	Ultra Red	Common Anode	

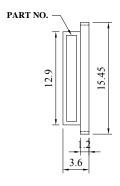
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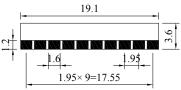
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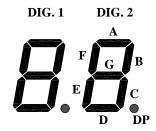


Package Dimension:

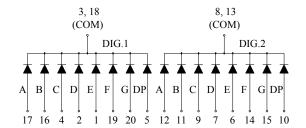






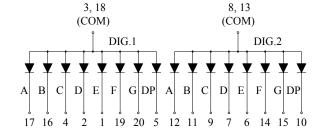


KW2-S392CVA



- 1. DIG. 1 ANODE E
 2. DIG. 1 ANODE D
 3. DIG. 1 COMMON CATHODE
 4. DIG. 1 ANODE C
 5. DIG. 1 ANODE DB
- 4. DIG. 1 ANODE C
 5. DIG. 1 ANODE DP
 6. DIG. 2 ANODE E
 7. DIG. 2 ANODE D
 8. DIG. 2 COMMON CATI
- 7. DIG. 2 ANODE D 8. DIG. 2 COMMON CATHODE 9. DIG. 2 ANODE C 10. DIG. 2 ANODE DP
- 11. DIG. 2 ANODE B
 12. DIG. 2 ANODE A
 13. DIG. 2 COMMON CATHODE
 14. DIG. 2 ANODE F
 15. DIG. 2 ANODE G
- 13. DIG. 2 ANODE G 16. DIG. 1 ANODE B 17. DIG. 1 ANODE A
- 18. DIG. 1 COMMON CATHODE 19. DIG. 1 ANODE F 20. DIG. 1 ANODE G

KW2-S392AVA



- 1. DIG. 1 CATHODE E
 2. DIG. 1 CATHODE D
 3. DIG. 1 COMMON ANODE
 4. DIG. 1 CATHODE C
 5. DIG. 1 CATHODE DP
 6. DIG. 2 CATHODE E
 7. DIG. 2 CATHODE D
 8. DIG. 2 COMMON ANODE
 9. DIG. 2 CATHODE C
 10. DIG. 2 CATHODE D
- 11. DIG. 2 CATHODE B
 12. DIG. 2 CATHODE A
 13. DIG. 2 COMMON ANODE
 14. DIG. 2 CATHODE F
 15. DIG. 2 CATHODE G
 16. DIG. 1 CATHODE B
 17. DIG. 1 CATHODE A
 18. DIG. 1 COMMON ANODE
 19. DIG. 1 CATHODE F

20. DIG. 1 CATHODE G

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit		
Power Dissipation (Per Segment)	PD	65	mW		
Peak Forward Current (Per Segment) (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA		
Forward Current (Per Segment)	IF	25	mA		
Dating Linear From 25℃		0.25	mA/℃		
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V		
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40℃ to +80℃			
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40℃ to +100℃			
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds			

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity (Per Segment)	IV	2	5	12	mcd	IF=20mA (Note 1)
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio (Segment To Segment)	I _{v-m}			2:1		IF=10mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λр		650		nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd		640		nm	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\triangle \lambda$		20		nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	1.60	2.00	2.60	٧	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR			100	μΑ	VR=5V

Notes:

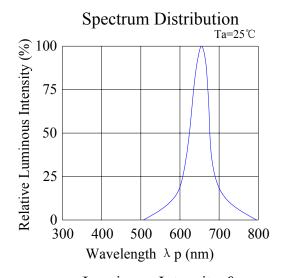
- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. The dominant wavelength (λd) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

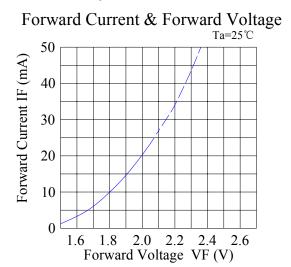
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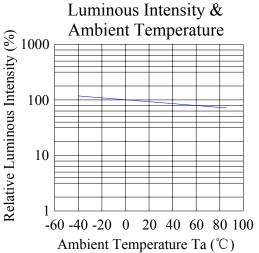
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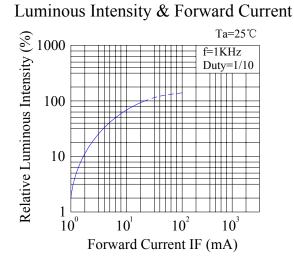


Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25℃ Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

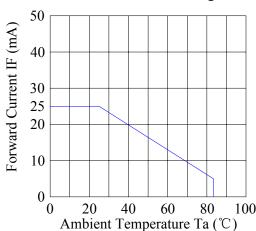








Forward Current Derating Curve



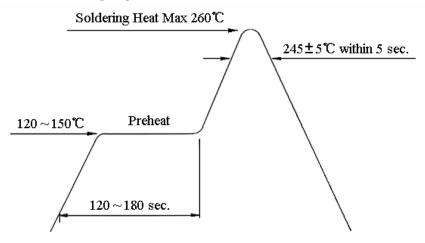
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Soldering heat reliability (DIP):

Please refer to the following figure:



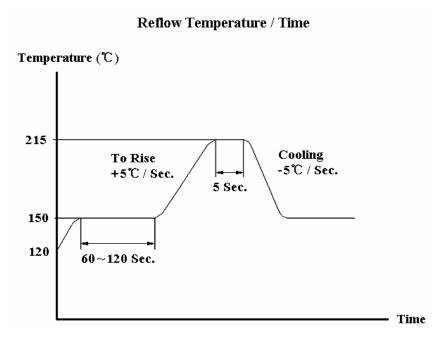
Soldering iron:

Basic spec is ≤ 5 sec when 260°C.If temperature is higher, time should be shorter (+10°C \rightarrow -1sec). Power dissipation of iron should be smaller than 15W, and temperature should be controllable. Surface temperature of the device should be under 230°C.

Rework:

- ♦ Customer must finish rework within 5 sec under 260°C.
- ♦ The head of iron can not touch copper foil.

Reflow temperature / time:



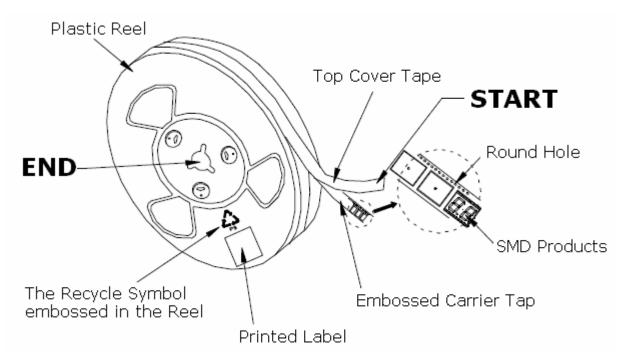
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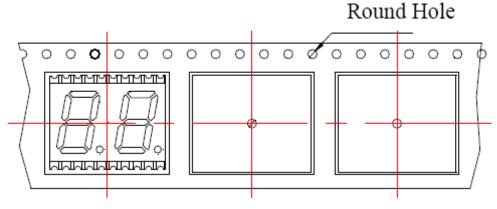
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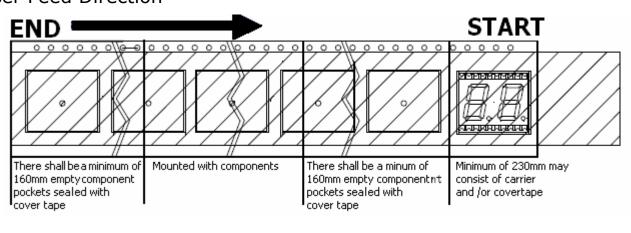
Label Direction & Content In The Roll



The Products In The Reel Of Direction:



User Feed Direction



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Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 70%RH or less.

3. Soldering Condition

- 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile.
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260°C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

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